

# ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2023

# Swan LNG Private Limited

 $9^{\text{th}}$  Avenue, Ground Floor, B/h. Rajpath Club, Bodakdev,

 $Ahmedabad-380\ 059-Gujarat-India.$ 

Phone: +91 79 2687 3800 Fax: +91 79 26873848

CIN: U40108GJ2013PTC073539, Email: <a href="mailto:info@swanlng.co.in">info@swanlng.co.in</a>



#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 10<sup>th</sup> (Tenth) Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company will beheld on Friday, 15<sup>th</sup> September, 2023 at 12.00 Noon through Video Conferencing ("VC"), to transact the following business. The venue of the meeting shall be deemed to be at the registered office of the company at 9<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Ground floor, B/h Rajpath Club, Bodakdev, Ahmedabad – 380 059.

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

#### 1. Adoption of IND AS Financial Statements:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon be and are hereby approved and adopted."

#### 2. Appointment of Statutory Auditor:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) M/s N. N. JAMBUSARIA & CO. Chartered Accountants, (FR No. 104030W) be and is hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company commencing from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 11th Annual General Meeting of the company to be held for the Financial Year 2023-24 at a remuneration to be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company, in addition to the re-imbursement of applicable taxes and actual out of pocket and travelling expenses incurred in connection with the audit and billed progressively.

#### 3. Re-appointment of Director retiring by rotation:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

**RESOLVED THAT** Mr. Bhavik Merchant (DIN: 06389064), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company in terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013."

#### 4. Re-appointment of Director retiring by rotation:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

**RESOLVED THAT** Mr. Sugavanam Padmanabhan (DIN: 03229120), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company in terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013."

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

#### 5. Appointment of Mr. Prakash Karnik as a Director of the Company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152, 161 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Mr. Prakash Karnik (DIN: 009192224), appointed as Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company.

#### 6. Appointment of Mr. Rohinton Shroff as an Independent Director of the Company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Rules made thereunder, Mr. Rohinton Shroff (DIN: 00234712), who was appointed as an Additional Independent Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a term of five years, with effect from the date of this 10<sup>th</sup> AGM.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Swan LNG Private Limited

Ahmedabad, 7th August 2023

(Rahul Makwana) Company Secretary ACS - 56808

#### NOTES

- 1. With reference to various circulares and notifications issued by the ministry of Corporate Affairs, the companies are permitted to conduct Annual General Meeting (AGM) through video conferencing (VC) or other audio-visual means, subject to compliance of various conditions mentioned therein. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC.
- 2. The Company has enabled the Members to participate at the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM through Zoom Application. The instructions for participation by Members will be shared separately on their registered e-mail id.
- 3. As per the provisions under the MCA Circulars, Members attending the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM through VC shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013
- 4. As per the Companies Act, 2013, a members entitled to attend and vote at the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Since the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM is being held through VC as per the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be made available for the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 5. As the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM is being held through VC, the route map is not annexed to this Notice.
- 6. Corporate Members are required to share certified copy of the Board resolution authorizing their representative to attend the AGM through VC and vote on their behalf.
- 7. In line with the MCA Circulars, the notice of the 10<sup>th</sup> AGM along with the Annual Report 2022-23 are being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company.
- 8. In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report, the Members may write to the following email id to receive an email response. cs@swanlng.co.in

9. Profile of Directors being appointed / re-appointed as required under provisions of Companies Act, 2013:

Name of the Director	Brief Resume, experience and nature of expertise in functional area	Directorship held in other Public Companies	Committee position held in other Public Companies	No. of Shares held in Swan LNG Private Limited
Mr. Bhavik Merchant	Economic graduate from USA. In charge of the FSRU Project siteat Jafrabad. Interacts with all contractors and project management consultants to monitor project implementation as per schedule.	1. Anirdesh Enclave Limited 2. Hazel Infra Limited	Nil	Nil
Mr. Sugavanam Padmanabhan	Chartered Accountant, having 48 years of versatile experience in all the sectors related to the Oil & Gas Industry.	1. Swan Energy Limited	Nil	Nil
Mr. Prakash Karnik	Civil Engineering from Sardar Patel University and Master in Business Administration. He has over 29 years of experience in HSE, engineering, procurement, construction, for the development and operations of E&P offshore & onshore infrastructure, Gas based Power Plants, Cross-country pipeline projects and LPG Refilling Plants. He has significant industry experience in terms of Engineering, Project management and Operation & Maintenance of Oil and Gas Exploration sector and hydrocarbon Pipelines. He is associated with GSPC Group of companies since November 1998 and is presently looking after Projects, Operation & Maintenance of GSPL Gas grid and also appointed as In-charge CEO of GSPL India Transco Limited	1. Gspl India Transco Limited	Nil	Nil
Mr. Rohinton Shroff	Mr. Rohinton E. Shroff has Bachelors in General Laws and Masters in Marketing Management. He has more than 40 years of experience in real estate consultancy services, construction related consultancy services, marketing management and administrative management.	1. Swan Energy Limited 2. Veritas (India) Limited 3. Pegasus Ventures Private Limited 4. Cardinal Energy And Infrastructure Private Limited 5. Shroff Sons Consultancy Private Limited	Nil	Nil

By Order of the Board of Directors For Swan LNG Private Limited

(Rahul Makwana) Company Secretary

ACS - 56808

#### **DIRECTORS REPORT:**

To the members of Swan LNG Private Limited (SLPL):

1. Your directors are pleased to present the tenth (10<sup>th</sup>) Annual Report, together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

#### 2. Financial Results

	Year Ended	Year Ended
Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March,
	(Rs. in Lakhs)	2022(Rs. in Lakhs)
Profit Before Tax	(158.66)	179.21
Provision for:		
Income Tax	(44.00)	(313.00)
Earlier Year Tax		
Deferred Tax	(4.56)	(7.78)
Profit After Tax	(609.22)	(141.57)
Balance brought forward from previous year	(193.65)	(52.08)
Amount available for appropriation		
Transfer to General Reserve		
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	(802.86)	(193.65)

#### 3. Review of operations – Project development & Implementation:

#### **LNG Port Project:**

Our company is setting up India's first Greenfield LNG Port Terminal with the total capacity of upto 10 MMTPA at Jafrabad in Amreli district of Gujarat. The first phase of 5 MMTPA nameplate capacity with Floating Storage and Regasification Unit ("FSRU"), is under implementation. The Project comprises of development of LNG Port facilities, utilizing a FSRU for LNG receipt, storage, regasification and send-out, having capacity of 5 MMTPA of LNG. The Project was awarded under 'Swiss Challenge' route and is being developed on PPP basis under the Concession Agreement executed with Gujarat Maritime Board ("GMB") and Government of Gujarat ("GoG"). Swan Energy Limited (SEL) is the Lead Promoter of SLPL and holds 63% equity stake in SLPL. As per the Shareholders Agreement (SHA) executed on 17<sup>th</sup> October 2017, Government of Gujarat nominated entities hold 26% stake, i.e. 15% by GMB and 11% by Gujarat State Petronet Limited (GSPL) while balance 11% equity is being held by FSRU Venture India One Private Limited (FVIOPL), the Indian subsidiary company of Mitsui OSK Lines (MOL), Japan. Moreover, MOL is also the technical partner of the project.

The Project shall be operated on tolling business model and out of 5 MMTPA nameplate capacity, the Company has already executed regasification agreements for reservation of capacity aggregating to 4.5 MMTPA on firm basis for a period of 20 years with State-owned Gujarat State Petroleum Corporation Ltd. (GSPC) [1.5 MMTPA] and Central Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs) namely Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd.(BPCL), Indian Oil Corporation Ltd. (IOCL) and Oil and

Natural Gas Corporation Ltd. (ONGC) [1 MMTPA each]. The execution of firm regasification agreement for reservation of 90% capacity with Maharatna companies & State Government PSU including Concession Agreement with GMB & GoG for 30 years (extendable to further 20 years) makes the future of the project very robust. Moreover, all the necessary approvals and EPC Contracts required for project implementation are in place and the construction is progressing well.

All the shareholders i.e. SEL, GMB, GSPL and FVIOPL have contributed their share of equity as per the SHA agreement. Additionally, Swan Energy Limited has infused funds through allotment of Preference Shares as per the requirement of the project.

The Project site of the company was significantly damaged due to extremely severe cyclone "Tauktae" which crossed Jafrabad on 17<sup>th</sup> May 2021. Though cyclone "Tauktae" was extremely severe and had an impact on the facilities which were still under construction, it was ascertained post assessment by EPC contractors, that the damage is very much repairable and has been restored.

On Project implementation work, the Company has achieved an overall 79.11% progress on the construction of Port Project upto 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023.

Below is the progress on various EPC packages awarded by the Company:

Description	Progress with 2,200m breakwater	
Overall Project Progress Status	79.11%	
Breakwater, Groyne & Shore Protection Work	64.10%	
Jetties & Tug berth	71.30%	
Topside & Utilities related to Jetty-1 Work	99.88%	
Dredging & R1 Area Reclamation	99.60%	
Balance Infra Works	30.13%	

The Company has successfully achieved the **Financial Closure ("FC")** with State Bank of India (SBI) as lead Bank and the Company has already received the term loan disbursement aggregating to **Rs. 1810.88 Crores** from various banks till 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

#### Floating Storage and Regasification Unit:

On the FSRU front, which is integral part of Swan's LNG Port Project, it is noteworthy that Triumph Offshore Private Limited (TOPL) wherein Swan Energy Limited and Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative (IFFCO) is holding 51% and 49% stake respectively, has successfully taken delivery of FSRU "Vasant 1" on **29**<sup>th</sup> **September, 2020**. Post-delivery of FSRU, it is being put on charter hire with charterers for interim utilization of FSRU as an LNG Carrier/FSU/FSRU till Jafrabad LNG port is ready. The deployment of FSRU is beneficial for the project, as it led to revenue generation and saving of parking charges which reduced the project cost.

The Company has entered into a Bareboat Charter (BBC) Agreement with TOPL, to charter the FSRU to SLPL on a long-term lease for a period of 20 years.

TOPL also has successfully achieved the **Financial Closure** ("**FC"**) with State Bank of India (SBI) as lead Bank and the Company has already received the term loan disbursement aggregating to **Rs. 1455.88 Crores** from various banks till 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023.

#### 4. <u>Dividend & reserve:</u>

The Directors have not recommended any dividend for the year. The Company has not transferred any amount to the general Reserve during the year.

#### 5. Deposits:

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any fixed deposits from public during the year under review.

#### 6. Annual return:

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (a) and 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the annual return of the company has been placed on the website of the company and can be accessed at <a href="https://www.swanlng.co.in.">www.swanlng.co.in.</a>

#### 7. Number of Board Meetings:

During the year under review, 04 (Four) Board Meetings were held on 26<sup>th</sup> May 2022, 29<sup>th</sup> July 2022, 07<sup>th</sup> November 2022 and 06<sup>th</sup> February 2023.

#### 8. Particulars of loan, guarantee or investment:

The Company has not given any loan, guarantee or made any investment exceeding sixty percent of paid-up share capital, free reserve and security premium account or hundred percent of its free reserve and securities premium account, whichever is more, as prescribed in the Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 9. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties:

All transactions entered with Related Parties for the year under review were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of related party transactions are given in AOC-2 as **Annexure 'A'**.

#### 10. Share capital:

During the year under review, your Company has not issued any fresh Equity or Preference share capital.

#### 11. Directors:

Mr. Ranjitsinh Barad, IAS, was appointed as GoG Nominee Director in place of Ms. Avntika Singh Aulakha IAS on 21st November, 2022.

Mr. Bhavik Nikhil Merchant Mr. Sugavanam Padmanabhan are liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing AGM of the Company and being eligible, offers themselves for re-appointment.

#### 12. Committee composition:

Followings are the Committee composition as on 31st March, 2023.

#### i. Audit Committee:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 177(8) of the Companies Act, 2013, the composition of the Audit Committee is given below:

Name of Director	Designation in Committee	Nature of Directorship	No. of Meeting held	No. of Meeting Attended
1. Mr. Sugavanam Padmanabhan	Chairman	non-executive /	4	4
		independent		
2. Mr. Deepak Mane	Member	non-executive / independent	4	4
3. Mr. Pratap Singh Nagar	Member	non-executive / independent	4	4

#### ii. Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, the composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is given below:

Name of Director	Designation	Nature of	No. of	No. of
	in	Directorship	Meeting	Meeting
	Committee		held	Attended
1. Mrs. Vinita N. Patel	Chairman	non-executive /	2	2
		non-		
		independent		
2. Mr. Deepak Mane	Member	non-executive /	2	2
		independent		
3. Mr. Pratap Singh Nagar	Member	non-executive /	2	2
		independent		

Nomination and Remuneration Policy is available on the Company website www.swanlng.co.in.

#### iii. <u>Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) committee:</u>

In purview of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, every company having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more in a financial year needs to spend at least 2% of the average net profits of last 3 years for the company's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) policy.



The Report on CSR is annexed to this Report - Annexure - 'B'.

#### 13. Auditors:

#### 13.1 Statutory Audit

The maximum tenure of 10 years has been completed by M/s V. R. Renuka & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 108826W) as a statutory Auditor of the Company.

The board has recommended and proposed to appoint M/s N. N. JAMBUSARIA & CO. Chartered Accountants, (FR No. 104030W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24 and that they shall hold office from the conclusion of the this Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of 11th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held for the Financial Year 2023-24 on such remuneration as may be mutually agreed at such remuneration, as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Report of the Auditors, read with the notes to the financial Statements, is self-explanatory and need no comments. The Auditor's Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### 13.2 Secretarial Audit

Secretarial audit report from M/s Jignesh M. Pandya (CP N. 7318), a practicing Company Secretary, for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023 is annexed to this Report as **Annexure - 'C'**. The Secretarial Auditor Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### 14. Vigil Mechanism Policy:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, the Company has established Vigil Mechanism Policy for Directors and employees, to report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct.

#### 15. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo:

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding conservation of energy and technology absorption, this is to state that the Company has not yet started its commercial operations and accordingly, no measures are taken for energy conservation and technology absorption.

During the year under review, the foreign exchange earnings and out-go were as under:

Foreign Exchange earnings: NIL

Foreign Exchange outgo:

Particulars	Amount in Crores
Fees for Technical Services	1.08

#### 16. Declaration by Independent Directors:

The Company has received declarations of independence as stipulated under section 149(7) of the Act from the Independent Directors confirming that they are not disqualified from continuing as the Independent Director.

#### 17. Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies:

The Company does not have any subsidiary, joint venture or associate companies.

#### 18. Events subsequent to the date of financial statements:

The details are given above under the heading 'Review of Operations'.

#### 19. Significant & material orders:

There is no significant and material order passed by any of the regulators, court of law or tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company or its operations in future.

#### 20. Development and implementation of a risk management policy:

The Company has established Risk Management policy to address various risks impacting the Company.

#### 21. Board evaluation:

The annual evaluation of the Board as a whole, all the directors and committee were conducted.

#### 22. Change in the nature of business:

During the year under review, the company has not changed nature of business.

#### 23. Internal Financial Controls:

The Company has a well-established Internal Control System, commensurate with size, scale and complexity of its operations. The Company strives to maintain a dynamic system of internal controls over financial reporting to ensure reliable financial record-keeping. The internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively so as to ensure orderly and efficient conduct of business operations.

#### 24. Cost record:

Maintenance of cost records as prescribed under the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable for the business activity carried out by the Company.

#### 25. Fraud Reporting

During the year under review no instances of fraud were reported by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

# 26. <u>Disclosure as per the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:</u>

The Company always endeavours to create and provide conducive work environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment. During the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2023, the Company has not received any complaint of sexual harassment.

#### 27. <u>Directors' responsibility statement:</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements that

a. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;



- b. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- c. they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### 28. Acknowledgements:

Your Directors place on record their appreciation for support and timely assistance from Financial Institutions, Banks, Government Authorities and all its Stakeholders, including shareholders, employees and contractors, who has extended their valuable support to the company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sugavanam Padmanabhan)

Chairman

(DIN: 03229120)

**Date**: 7<sup>th</sup> August, 2023 **Place**: Ahmedabad

#### FORM NO. AOC -2

# (Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis.

SL. No.	Particulars	Details		
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of	-		
	relationship			
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	-		
c)	Duration of the	-		
	contracts/arrangements/transaction			
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	-		
	transaction including the value, if any			
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or	-		
	arrangements or transactions'			
f)	Date of approval by the Board	-		
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	-		
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in	-		
	General meeting as required under first proviso to			
	section 188			

- 2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis.
  - i. Gujarat Maritime Board (GMB)

SL. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature	Gujarat Maritime Board (GMB)
	of relationship	(Shareholder of the Company)
b)	Nature of	Payment of Lease Rental for Lands
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
c)	Duration of the	1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	The company has made payment towards Lease Rental (for development of LNG Port Terminal) amounting to Rs. 304.63 Lakhs
e)	Date of approval by the Board	21st September, 2017
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil

#### ii. Ms. Vinita Naman Patel

SL. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature	Ms. Vinita Naman Patel
	of relationship	(Director of the Company)
b)	Nature of	Payment of License Fees
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
c)	Duration of the	18 <sup>th</sup> July, 2022 to 17 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or	The company has acquired property on
	arrangements or transaction including	Leave and License basis from Ms.
	the value, if any	Vinita Patel for the official purpose and
		paid rental fees of Rs.30.62 Lakhs.
e)	Date of approval by the Board	26 <sup>th</sup> May, 2022
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil

#### iii. Mr. Naman Patel

**Date**: 7<sup>th</sup> August, 2023 **Place:** Ahmedabad

SL. No.	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature	Mr. Naman Patel
	of relationship	(Director's Husband)
b)	Nature of	Payment of License Fees
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
c)	Duration of the	18th July, 2022 to 17th June, 2023
	contracts/arrangements/transaction	
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	The company has acquired property on Leave and License basis from Mr. Naman Patel for the official purpose and paid rental fees of Rs. 29.02 Lakhs.
e)	Date of approval by the Board	26 <sup>th</sup> May, 2022
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Sugavanam Padmanabhan)

Ingman.

Chairman

(DIN: 03229120)

#### **Annual Report on CSR activities**

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

The Company has its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy, which lays down a gist of the programs that a company can undertake under it. The CSR policy is available on the website of the company viz. <a href="https://www.swanlng.co.im">www.swanlng.co.im</a>

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director		No. of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No. of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Vinita N. Patel	Chairman (non-executive / non-independent)	1	1
2	Vivek P. Merchant	Member (non-executive/non-independent)	1	1
3	Pratap Singh Nagar	Member (non-executive/ independent Director)	1	1

- 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.: <a href="https://www.swanlng.co.in">www.swanlng.co.in</a>
- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable. Not Applicable
- 5. (a) Average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of Section 135: Rs. 139.82 Lakhs
  - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135: 2.80 Lakhs
  - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. Nil
  - (d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any. Nil
  - (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: Rs. 2.80 Lakhs
- 6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project).: **Rs.** 14,61,111
  - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads.: Nil
  - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.: Nil
  - (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]. Rs. 14,61,111
  - (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)		Amount U	nspent (in Rs.)		
	Total Amount Unspent CSR section 135(6).		Amount transferr under Schedule V section 135(5).	•	•
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.
14,61,111	-	-	-	-	-

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (Rs in Lakh)
1	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of section 135	2.80
2	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	14.61
3	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	11.81
4	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	Nil
5	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	11.81

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

SI. No.	Precedi ng Financia I Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	specified u	ransferred to under Schedule 5(6), if any. Amount (in Rs).	•	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in
							Rs.)
1.	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
	TOTAL						

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: NA

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/ acquired: NA

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year:

SN	Short particulars	Pincode of	Date	of	Amount of	Details of entity	/ Authority/ ber	neficiary of the
	of the property or	the property	creation		CSR amount	registered owner	•	
	asset(s)	or asset(s)			spent	CSR	Name	Registered
	[including					Registration		address
	complete address					Number, if		
	and location of					applicable		
	the property]							
	Not applicable							

9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5).: Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Bhavik N. Merchant) (DIN: 06389064)

(Vinita N. Patel) Bhavik N. Merchant) (Vinita N. Patel)

Managing Director Chairman of CSR Committee (DIN: 06389083)

Date: 07<sup>th</sup> August, 2023 Place: Ahmedabad



### **Company Secretaries**

205, Shashi CHS. Ltd., Behind Raghunath Tower, Devidas Road, Borivali (W) Mumbai 400 103. Tel.: +91 22 28084509 ● Mob.: +91 9819065068 ● E-mail: jigneshpandyacs@gmail.com

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Form No. MR-3

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Swan LNG Private Limited
Ahmedabad

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Swan LNG Private Limited** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the **financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the **financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under; :- **NOT APPLICABLE**
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv)Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;



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- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):- **NOT APPLICABLE**
- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider rading) Regulations, 1992;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;
- (vi) Laws applicable to the industry to which the Company belongs, as identified by the Management is given in the enclosed *Annexure 2*.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 :- NOT APPLICABLE.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.





## Company Secretaries

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#### We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through and dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, Rules, regulations and guidelines.

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure '1' and forms an integral part of this Report.

For Jignesh M. Pandya & Co.

Jignesh M. Pandya

**Practicing Company Secretary** 

Proprietor

Membership No. 7346 /CP No. 7318

UDIN: A007346E000277385

Mumbai, 09<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 PR No. 2727/2022





### Company Secretaries

205, Shashi CHS. Ltd., Behind Raghunath Tower, Devidas Road, Borivali (W) Mumbai 400 103. Tel.: +91 22 28084509 ● Mob.: +91 9819065068 ● E-mail: jigneshpandyacs@gmail.com

#### 'Annexure 1

To the Members Swan LNG Private Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, Rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, Rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Jignesh M. Pandya & Co.

Jignesh M. Pandya

**Practicing Company Secretary** 

Proprietor

Membership No. 7346 /CP No. 7318

UDIN: A007346E000277385

Mumbai, 09<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 PR No. 2727/2022



# Company Secretaries

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#### 'Annexure 2'

#### Laws applicable to the Company:

- 1. The Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board Act, 2006.
- 2. Factories Act, 1948;
- 3. Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951;
- 4. The Gujarat Housing Board Act, 1961
- 5. Information Technology Act, 2000
- 6. The Indian Electricity Rules 1956
- 7. The Standard Weight and Measurement Act, 1976
- 8. The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
- 9. The Hazardous Material Transport Act (HMT) Act, 1975
- 10. Trade Marks Act, 1999 & Copy Right Act, 1957;
- 11. The Legal Metrology Act, 2009;
- 12. Labour Laws and other incidental laws related to labour and employees appointed by the Company either on its payroll or on contractual basis as related to wages, gratuity, provident fund, ESIC, compensation etc.;
- 13. Acts prescribed under prevention and control of pollution;
- 14. Acts prescribed under Environmental protection;
- 15. Acts prescribed under Direct Tax and Indirect Tax;
- 16. Land Revenue laws of respective States;
- 17. Labour welfare Act of respective States;
- 18. Acts as prescribed under Shop and Establishment Act of various local authorities.
- Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

For Jignesh M. Pandya & Co.

Jignesh M. Pandya

**Practicing Company Secretary** 

Proprietor

Membership No. 7346 /CP No. 7318

UDIN: A007346E000277385

Mumbai, 09<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 PR No. 2727/2022





# V. R. RENUKA & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Office: 414, DATTANI TRADE CENTRE, CHANDAVARKAR LANE, BORIVALI (WEST), MUMBAI-400 092.

O.: 2892 0170 / 2890 4743 Cell: 98203 16018

E-mail: cavishnurenuka@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SWAN LNG PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements ("FS")

I. Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements ("FS") of **Swan LNG Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, read with our comments in the Emphasis of Matter paragraph below, the aforesaid "FS" give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit and total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

II. Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the "FS" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the "FS" under the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI'S code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the "FS".

III. Information other than "FS" and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the "FS" and our report thereon.

Our opinion on the "FS" does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of "FS", our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider, whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the FS or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



### IV. Management's responsibility for the "FS"

- 1. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134 (5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation and presentation of these "FS" that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the applicable Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended.
- 2. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the "FS" that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 3. In preparing the "FS", management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 4. The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### V. Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the "FS"

- 1. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the "FS" as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.
- 2. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.
- Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these "FS".

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- I. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the "FS", whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- II. Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- III. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- IV. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the "FS" or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- V. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the "FS", including the disclosures, and whether the "FS" represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance ("TCWG") regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide TCWG with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### VI. Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

FRN

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The reports on the accounts of the branch offices of the Company audited under section 143(8) of the Act do not apply to the Company;
- (d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (e) In our opinion, the aforesaid "FS" complies with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2023 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (a) The impact of pending litigation as on  $31^{\rm st}$  March, 2023 is not expected to be material on the financial position of the company;
- (b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
- (c) There were no amounts as at 31st March, 2023 which was required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (d) (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (ii) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (e) The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- (f) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

4. With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the current year and hence, Section 197 of the Act is not applicable.

MUMBAI

FRN

103826W

For V. R. Renuka & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 108826W

V. R. Renuka Partner Membership No. 032263

Mumbai, 19th May, 2023 UDIN: 23032263BGQMJS3147

#### Annexure 'A'

FRN

To the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statement of Swan LNG Private Limited (Referred to in Paragraph VI (1), under 'Report on other legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report of even date)

- (i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified at a reasonable interval. In our opinion, the periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c) According to the information and explanation given by the management, the title deeds of the immovable properties included in Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the company.
  - d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - e) According to the information and explanation given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder during the year.
- (ii) a) The company is not having any inventory and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees (at any point of time during the year), in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any unsecured loans to companies covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. There are no firms/LLPs/other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (a), (b) & (c) of clause 3(iii) are not applicable.
- (iv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loans and investments made and guarantees and security provided by it.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits under the directives of the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable.

- (vi) Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is not required to maintain cost records as prescribed under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products.
- (vii) (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of excise and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax ('GST'), Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of GST, Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as of 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) There are no dues in respect of Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has no transactions, not recorded in the books of account, which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
  - (b) Company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any term loan during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanation given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
  - (e) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates, or joint ventures.
  - (f) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies;
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year; Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us, any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has not been noticed or reported during the year;
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle-blower complaints, received during the year by the company.
- (xii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company, accordingly provisions of the Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company:
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the Accounting Standards and the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xiv) (a) Based on the information and explanations given to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the reports of the Internal Auditors issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The Company is not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Financial activities. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
    - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
    - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, the requirements of clause 3(xvi)(d) are not applicable.



- (xvii) The company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 158.66 Lakh in the current financial year. In the immediately preceding financial year, there was no cash loss.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Sec 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

MUMPA

FRN

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For V. R. Renuka & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 108826W

V. R. Renuka Partner Membership No. 032263

Mumbai, 19<sup>th</sup> May, 2023 UDIN: 23032263BGQMJS3147

#### Annexure 'B'

To the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statement of Swan LNG Private Limited for the year ended  $31^{\rm st}$  March, 2023

(Referred to in Paragraph VII (2)(g), under 'Report on other legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Section 143(3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

#### Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company as of 31st March, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023, based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the "Guidance Note". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Guidance Note" and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

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Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For V. R. Renuka & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 108826W

V. R. Renuka V. R. Renuka Partner Membership No. 032263

Mumbai, 19th May, 2023 UDIN: 23032263BGQMJS3147

#### **SWAN LNG PRIVATE LIMITED** Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

₹ in Lakh

	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
I ASS	SETS			
No	on-Current Assets			
a F	Property, Plant and Equipment	3	748.79	625.0
	Right of use Assets	3(i)	58.08	92.9
	Capital Work-in-Progress	3(11)	257,496.42	205,828.2
	Other Intangible Assets	3(111)	0.05	0.0
	Other Financial Assets	4	72.23	26.8
f i	Non current Tax Assets (Net )	5	Market Services	36.2
g C	Other Non Current Assets	6	10,421.15	11,349.2
	otal Non Current Asstes (A)	_	268,796.72	217,958.4
	rrent Assets			
	Inancial Assets			
- 20	i) Investments			100
1	i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	1,786.04	70,725.5
(	ii) Bank Balances other Than (i) Above	8	2,602.13	2,506.2
(	ili) Other Financial Assets	9	45.54	424.2
b 0	Other Current Assets	10	14,606.02	13,651.4
To	tal Current Assets (B)	-	19,039.73	87,307.5
TO	TAL ASSETS (A+B)	_	287,836.45	305,266.0
II EQ	UITY AND LIABILITIES			
Ec	quity			
a E	equity Share Capital	11	78,730,16	78,730.1
b (	Other Equity	12	10,261.25	10,870.4
To	otal Equity (A)		88,991.41	89,600.6
	abilities on-Current Liabilities			
140	on-Current clabinities			
	Financial Liabilities			
(	i) Borrowings	13	181,002.93	180,583.2
(	ia) Lease Liabilities	14	28.85	69.5
	ii) Trade Payables			-
(	<ul> <li>A) Total outstanding dues of Micro</li> </ul>			
	enterprises and Small Enterprises			
(	B) Total outstanding dues of creditors			
C	other than micro enterprises and small			
E	enterprises.			
b F	Provisions	15	53.32	51,5
<b>c</b> [	Deferred Tax Liabilites(net)	24	17.14	12.5
To	otal Non-Current Liabilities (B)	-	181,102.24	180,716.8
Cu	rrent Liabilities			
a F	inancial Libilities			
- (	i) Borrowings	16	1,518.63	1,518.6
i	ia) Lease Liabilities	17	40.67	37.7
	ii) Trade Payables		•	
	A) Total outstanding dues of Micro			
	enterprises and Small Enterprises			
	B) Total outstanding dues of creditors			
	other than micro enterprises and small			
	enterprises.			
	iii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	14,906.12	32,366.8
- 2	Other Current Liabilities	19	1,165.90	1,022.4
	Provisions	20	111.48	2.8
	otal Current Liabilities (C)		17,742.80	34,948.5
		100		
	TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES (A+B+C)		287,836.45	305,266.0

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone financial statements

For V.R.Renuka & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 108826W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V.R. Renuka

Partner M No. 032263

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MUMBAI FRN 108826W Sugavanam Padmanabhan Chairman

Din:03229120

Managing Director Din:06389064

Rahul Sharma Chief Executive Officer

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Rahul Makwana

Company Secretary

Bhavik N Merchant

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2028 ED ACCO

#### **SWAN LNG PRIVATE LIMITED** Audited Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31 2023

₹ in Lakh

			₹ In Laki
Particulars	Note No.	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	-	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Income:			
(i) Revenue from operation		II To	
(ii) Other Income	21	124.74	400.18
Total Income		124.74	400.18
-			
Expenses:			
(i) Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	3		-
(ii) Finance Cost	22	227.99	207.30
(iii) Other Expenses	23	55.41	13.67
Total Expenses	-	283.40	220.97
Profit/(Loss) before Exception item & Tax		(158.66)	179.21
Tax Expense:	24		
(1) Current tax		(446.00)	(313.00
(2) Deferred Tax		(4.56)	(7.78
Profit/(Loss) for the year		(609.22)	(141.57
Other Comprehensive Income		(005.22)	(2.20.
Total Comprehensive Income for the year(Ne	t of tax)	(609.22)	(141.57
Fauria as Day Faurity Chara			
Earnings Per Equity Share		(0.00)	10.00
Basic EPS ( in `₹)		(0.08)	(0.02
Diluted EPS ( in `₹)		(0.08)	(0.02

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone financial statements

As per our Report of even date

For V.R.Renuka & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 108826W

V.R. Renuka Partner M No. 032263

FRN 08826W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sugavanam Padmanabhan Bhavik N Merchant

Chairman

Din:03229120

**Managing Director** 

Din:06389064

Rahul Sharma

Chief Executive Officer

Rahul Makwana **Company Secretary** 

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2023

Statement of Changes in Equity for Year ended March 31 2023

(a) Equity Share Capital (Refer Note No.11)

	As at 31 N	/larch-2023	As at 31 March-2022		
Particulars	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh	
Outstanding At the beginning of the year	787,301,588	78,730.16	787,301,588	78,730.16	
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding At the end of the year	787,301,588	78,730.16	787,301,588	78,730.16	

(b) Other Equity (Refer Note No.12)

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	As at 31 Mar	ch-2023	As at 31 March-2022	
Retained Earnings				
At the beginning of the year	(193.65)		(52.08)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) during the year	(609.21)		(141.57)	
At the end of the year		(802.86)		(193.65)
Equity Component 0.01%of Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares				
At the beginning of the year	11,064.11		11,064.11	
Add: Issue during the year			4	
At the end of the year		11,064.11		11,064.11
Total		10,261.25		10,870.46

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone financial statements

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As per our Report of even date

For V.R.Renuka & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 108826W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

V. R. Renuka

Partner

M No. 032263

Sugavanam

Padmanabhan

Chairman

Din:03229120

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**Bhavik N Merchant** 

Managing Director

Din:06389064

Rahul Sharma

Rahul Makwana

Chief Executive Officer

Company Secretary

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2023

_		For the Year Ended	₹ in Lakh For the Year Ended
	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Α	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Profit/(Loss) before tax	(158.66)	179.21
	Adjustments for :		
	Interest on Pref Share (IND AS)	227.99	207.30
	Considered Seperately:		
	Interest Income	(124.74)	(400.13
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(55.41)	(13.67
	Adjustments for:		
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	(954.56)	768.5
	(Increase) / decrease in Other Financial Assets	378.72	(394.13
	Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	1.82	25.24
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	143.47	513.9
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Assets	(45.38)	(14.0
	Increase in Short Term Provisions	(0.10)	2.03
	Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Liabilities	(17,460.75)	(5,420.7
	Cash generated from operations	(17,992.18)	(4,532.8)
	Direct Taxes (Paid)/Received	(301.11)	(341.5
	Net Cash from Operating Activities ( A )	(18,293.29)	(4,874.35
В	Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
	(Increase) in Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (PPE)		
	(including Capital work-in-progress (Net)	(50,829.03)	(44,241.34
	Fixed deposits with banks	(95.87)	257.29
	Interest Income	124.74	400.18
	Net Cash from Investing Activities ( B )	(50,800.16)	(43,583.87
c	Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
	Proceeds from Bank Loan ( Net of Processing Fees)	191.69	115,250.21
	(Increase) / decrease in Other Non Current Assets		1,258.95
	Increase/(Decrease) in Lease Liabilities	(37.74)	(33.0
	Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)	153.95	116,476.1
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(68,939.51)	68,017.9
	Opening Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents	70,725.55	2,707.62
	Closing Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents (Refer Note no 7)	1,786.05	70,725.55
	Notes	.,	
	Notes  1. In Part-A of the Cash Flow Statement, figures in brackets indicate dec	Miller Market for the second agreement	

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 108826W

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2023

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V.R. Renuka Partner M No. 032263

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sugavanam Padmanabhan Chairman Dig:03229120

Rahul Sharma

Bhavik N Merchant

Managing Director Din:06389064 Leay J. V

Chief Executive Officer

Rahul Makwana Company Secretary

Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Swan LNG Private Limited ('SLPL' or 'the Company') is a private limited Company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at 9th Avenue, Ground floor, Behind Rajpath Club, Memnagar, Bodakdev, Ahmedabad Gujaraj - 380059, India. The Company is Subsidiary Company of M/s. Swan Energy Limited, which is listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and the National Stock Exchange (NSE) in India.

Swan LNG Pvt. Ltd. is implementing a greenfield LNG Port project of 10 MMTPA. The Project comprises of development of LNG Port facilities utilizing a Floating Storage and Regasification Unit ("FSRU") along with Floating Storage Unit ("FSU") for LNG receipt, storage, regasification and send-out, with an initial regasification capacity of 5 MMTPA of LNG, off the Jafrabad coast in Amreli district in Gujarat ("the Project"). The Project is being developed under a concession from Gujarat Maritime Board (GMB) and will operate on the tolling business model.

## 2. BASIS OF COMPLIANCE, BASIS OF PREPARATION, CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

## 2.1. Basis of compliance:

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

## 2.2. Basis of preparation and presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention using the accrual method of accounting basis, except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the significant accounting policies below.

## Current and Non - Current Classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements of the Company for the Year ended 31st March, 2023 were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 19th May 2023





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## 2.3. Use of Judgements and Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates considering different assumptions and conditions.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Impact on account of revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying values of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

- a. Estimates of useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets;
- b. Measurement of defined benefit obligations;
- c. Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies;
- d. Impairment of investments;
- e. Recognition of deferred tax assets; and
- f. Measurement of recoverable amounts of cash-generating units.

## 2.4. Property, plant and equipment:

- **2.4.1.** Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any;
- **2.4.2.** The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price (including import duties and non-refundable taxes), any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, borrowing cost for qualifying assets (i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use);





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

- 2.4.3. Machinery spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalised;
- **2.4.4.** Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress";
- 2.4.5. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred;
- **2.4.6.** An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised separately as part of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal; or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised;
- 2.4.7. Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method based on estimated useful life prescribed under Schedule II to the Act, except for assets costing Rs. 5,000/- or less are fully depreciated or fully written off in the year of purchase;
- 2.4.8. Components of the main asset that are significant in value and have different useful lives as compared to the main asset are depreciated over their estimated useful life. Useful life of such components has been assessed based on historical experience and internal technical assessment;
- **2.4.9.** Depreciation on spare parts specific to an item of property, plant and equipment is based on life of the related property, plant and equipment. In other cases, the spare parts are depreciated over their estimated useful life based on the technical assessment;
- 2.4.10. Leasehold land is amortised over the primary lease period. Other assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and useful lives;
- 2.4.11. Freehold land is not depreciated;
- **2.4.12.** The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and changes, if any, are accounted in the line with revisions to accounting estimates. The management's estimates of the useful lives for various class of tangibles are as given below:

Asset	Useful life	
Computer Hardware	3 years	
Vechicles	8 Years	
Office Equipments	5 Years	
Electrical Equipment and Installation	10 Years	
Plant & Machinery	15 Years	
Furniture & fixuture	10 Years	
Right to Use Assets	5 Years	

## 2.5. Intangible Assets:

**2.5.1.** Intangible assets are recognised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably;





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

- 2.5.2. Intangible assets are carried at cost net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any;
- **2.5.3.** The intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised using straight line method over their estimated useful lives. The management's estimates of the useful lives for various class of Intangibles are as given below:

Asset	Useful life	
Computer software	3 years	

- **2.5.4.** An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses on de-recognition are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other gains/(losses);
- **2.5.5.** The estimated useful life is reviewed at each financial year end and changes, if any, are accounted in the line with revisions to accounting estimates;

## 2.6. Investment property:

- 2.6.1. Investment property is property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any;
- 2.6.2. Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property is calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the investment property is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss;

## 2.7. Non-currents assets held for sale:

- 2.7.1. Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets:
- 2.7.2. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell;
- 2.7.3. Non current assets classified as held for sale are not depreciated or amortized from the date when they are classified as held for sale.

## 2.8. Leases:

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset to lessee for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company shall reassess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease only if the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## As a Lessee

At the commencement date, company recognises a right-of-use (RoU) asset at cost and a lease liability at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at commencement date. The Lease Payments shall be discounted using Company's incremental borrowing rate on periodic basis. Subsequently, RoU asset is depreciated over lease term and lease liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance cost on lease liability is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss using the Company's incremental borrowing rate;

If a lease, at the commencement date, has a lease term of 12 months or less, it is treated as Short term lease. Lease payments associated with short term leases are treated as an expense on systematic basis.

### As a Lesson

A lessor shall classify each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

## Finance leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Company shall recognise assets held under a finance lease in its balance sheet and present them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

## Operating leases

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Company shall recognise lease payments from operating leases as income on systematic basis in the pattern in which benefit from the use of the underlying asset is diminished.

## 2.9. Impairment of Non-financial Assets:

- 2.9.1. Non-financial assets other than inventories, deferred tax assets and non-current assets classified as held for sale are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any indication of such impairment exists, the recoverable amount of such assets / cash generating unit is estimated and in case the carrying amount of these assets exceeds their recoverable amount, an impairment is recognised;
- **2.9.2.** The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 2.10. Inventories

- **2.10.1.** Inventories comprising Closing stock of finished goods, raw material and consumables and spares are valued at lower of cost (on weighted average) and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary;
- 2.10.2. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to their present location and condition. Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, excise duty;



Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

2.10.3. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## 2.11. Investment in Subsidiaries:

Investments in equity shares of Subsidiaries are recorded at cost and reviewed for impairment at each reporting date.

- 2.12. Fair Value measurement:
- 2.12.1. The Company measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date;
- 2.12.2. Certain accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities;
- **2.12.3.** Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability also reflects its non-performance risk;
- 2.12.4. The best estimate of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. If the Company determines that the fair value on initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability nor based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, then the financial instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value on initial recognition and the transaction price. Subsequently that difference is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on an appropriate basis over the life of the instrument but no later than when the valuation is wholly supported by observable market data or the transaction is closed out;
- 2.12.5. While measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:
- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs);
- **2.12.6.** When quoted price in active market for an instrument is available, the Company measures the fair value of the instrument using that price. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis;
- 2.12.7. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction;



Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

**2.12.8.** The Company regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the Company assesses the evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that these valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the valuations should be classified.

## 2.13. Financial Instruments:

## 2.13.1. Financial Assets:

Financial assets are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss, its transaction cost are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
  - fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

## Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables and loans are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## Debt instruments:

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost, FVOCI or FVTPL till de-recognition on the basis of:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

## Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Measured at FVOCI:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at FVOCI. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On de-recognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## **Equity Instruments:**

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Company has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognised in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments inequity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Redeemable Preference shares:

Redeemable preference share are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the redeemable preference shares, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non convertible instrument. This amount is classified as financial liability measured at amortized cost (net of transaction cost) until it is extinguished on redemption.

Transaction cost are apportioned between the liability and equity component of the redeemable preference share based on the allocation of the proceed to the liability and equity component when the instrument are initially recognized.





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## De-recognition:

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset;

## 2.13.2. Financial Liabilities:

## Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as FVTPL. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

## Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at FVTPL are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## De-recognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires;

## 2.13.3. Financial guarantees:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of the debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the fair value initially recognised less cumulative amortisation;

## 2.13.4. Derivative financial instruments:

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage the exposure on account of fluctuation in interest rate and foreign exchange rates. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value with the changes being recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative;





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

## 2.13.5. Embedded derivatives:

If the hybrid contract contains a host that is a financial asset within the scope of Ind-AS 109, the classification requirements contained in Ind AS 109 are applied to the entire hybrid contract. Derivatives embedded in all other host contracts, including financial liabilities are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at FVTPL. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, unless designated as effective hedging instruments. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows;

## 2.13.6. Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## 2.14. Revenue Recognition:

## 2.14.1. Sale of goods:

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods.

Revenue from the sale of regassification services is recognised at a point in time when the control of RLNG is transferred to the customers at the point of dispatch.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts, price concessions, incentives, and returns, if any, as specified in the contracts with the customers. Revenue excludes taxes collected from customers on behalf of the government. Accruals for discounts/incentives and returns are estimated (using the most likely method) based on accumulated experience and underlying schemes and agreements with customers. Due to the short nature of credit period given to customers, there is no financing component in the contract.

## Contract Balances

## Trade Receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

## Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made, or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

## 2.14.2. Rendering of Services

Revenue is recognized from rendering of services when the performance obligation is satisfied and the services are rendered in accordance with the terms of customer contracts. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

- 2.14.3. Income from export incentives such as duty drawback and premium on sale of import licenses are recognised on accrual basis;
- 2.14.4. Income from sale of scrap is accounted for on realisation;
- 2.14.5. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method;
- 2.14.6. Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established;
- 2.14.7. Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

## 2.15. Employee Benefits:

## 2.15.1. Short-term employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits (including leave) are recognized as an expense at an undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related services are rendered;

## 2.15.2. Post-employment benefits:

The Company operates the following post - employment schemes:

- Defined contribution plans such as provident fund; and
- Defined benefit plans such as gratuity

## **Defined Contribution Plans:**

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans such as provident fund are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss as the related service is provided.

## **Defined Benefit Plans:**

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans such as gratuity is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed at each reporting period end by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of the economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The current service cost of the defined benefit plan, recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as part of employee benefit expense, reflects the increase in the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements. Past service costs are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This net interest is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.





Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income.

## 2.16. Borrowing costs:

- 2.16.1. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs;
- 2.16.2. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets (i.e. an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use) are capitalized as a part of the cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss;
- **2.16.3.** Investment Income earned on the temporary investment of funds of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

## 2.17. Foreign Currency Transactions:

**2.17.1.** The financial statements are presented in INR, the functional currency of the Company (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates);

## 2.17.2. Monetary items:

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at their respective exchange rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items (except for long term foreign currency monetary items outstanding as of 31st March, 2023 which are accumulated in "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortised over balance period of liability) are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss either as profit or loss on foreign currency transaction and translation or as borrowing costs to the extent regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs.

## 2.17.3. Non - Monetary items:

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

## 2.18. Government Grants:

- 2.18.1. Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with;
- 2.18.2. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed;



Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

- 2.18.3. Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are presented as deferred income and are credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful life of the asset.
- 2.19. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:
- **2.19.1.** Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation;
- 2.19.2. The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of reimbursements, if any;
- **2.19.3.** If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost;
- **2.19.4.** Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability;
- 2.19.5. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

## 2.20. Taxes on Income

## 2.20.1. Current Tax

Income-tax Assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, by the end of reporting period.

Current Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity;

## 2.20.2. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the Balance Sheet method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.



Notes forming part of the Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

## 2.21. Earnings per share

- **2.21.1.** Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends, if any, and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period;
- **2.21.2.** For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 2.22. Cash and Cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet include cash at bank, cash, cheque, draft on hand and demand deposits with an original maturity of less than three months, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of Statement of Cash Flows, Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, cash, cheque and draft on hand. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

## 2.23. Cash Flows:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

## 2.24. Dividend:

Final dividend on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.



SWAN LNG PRIVATE LIMITED

## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Note 3 - Property Plant & Fourtement								₹ in Lakh
Particulars	FreeHold Land	Computer Hardware	Vechicles	Office Equipments	Furniture & fixuture	Electrical Equipment and Installation	Plant & Machinery	Tangibles Total
Gross Carrying Value								
As at 1 April 2021	428.48	14.27	66.21	29.70	168.19	•	•	706.85
Additions		7.14		3.98	3.06		*	14.18
Deductions	•	•		13.39		•		13.39
Other adjustments	•	•	٠	•	13.39	30	26	13.39
As at 31 March 2022	428.48	21.41	66.21	20.29	184.64	*		721.03
Additions	2.70	3.39	135.20	4.77	14.83	4.57	5.31	170.77
Deductions		•			4	00		2
Other adjustments	•	0.0	7		Ŷ	*		
As at 31 March 2023	431.18	24.80	201.41	25.06	199,46	4.57	5.31	891.80
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 1 April 2021	•	8.91	15.74	6.13	32.06	•	٠	62.84
Depreciation expense		4.42	7.86	3.44	17.47	100	•	33.19
Deductions	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
Other adjustments								•
As at 31 March 2022		13.33	23.60	75.6	49.53			60.03
Depreciation expense	•	3,55	20.02	4,42	18.57	0.35	0.08	46.98
Deductions	_		•	•		*		•
Other adjustments	•	25	•	400		×		
As at 31 March 2023	9	16.88	43.62	13.99	68.10	0.35	0.08	143.01
Carrying Amount								
As at 31 March 2023	431.18		157.79	11.06	131.37	4.22	5.23	748.79
As at 31 March 2022	428.48	8.08	42.61		135.11	•	•	625.00





## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

197.46  strict	Particulars	Office	Total
3 197.46 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	sross Carrying Value		
197.46  197.46  197.46  197.46  197.46  197.46  198.69  199.85  199.85  199.88	s at 01 April 2021	197.46	197.46
lation. 197.46 1	dditions	•	
197.46 19	Deductions		ï
197.46 19	Other adjustments	*	,
197.46 	is at 31 March 2022	197.46	197.46
lation 197.46 19	dditions	ı	,
tation 197.46   197.4	beductions		•
197.46  set on 197.46  set of 197.46  197.46  197.46  194.54  194.54  139.38  139.38	Other adjustments		
69.69 34.85 104.54 34.85 38.08 58.08	As at 31 March 2023	197.46	197,46
104.54 34.85 34.85 34.85 38.08 58.08	Accumulated depreciation		
134.85 34.85 34.85 34.85 38.08 58.08	Depreciation for the year		*
34.85 104.54 34.85 139.38 58.08	As at 01 April 2021	69.69	69.69
104.54 34.85 139.38 58.08	Depreciation expense	34.85	34.85
304.54 34.85 139.38 58.08	Deductions		ì
104.54 34.85 139.38 58.08 92.92	Other adjustments	•	
34.85 139.38 58.08 92.92	As at 31 March 2023	104.54	104.54
139,38 58.08 92,92	Depreciation expense	34.85	34.85
139,38 58.08 92,92	Seductions		
58.08	As at 31 Dec 2022	139.38	139.38
92.92	s at 31 March 2023	58.08	58.08
	Contract Date of the contract	50.50	50 50
	As at 31 March 2022	92.92	

Note: Long-term borrowings are secured by first charge ranking pari passu on all Property, Plant and Equipment (immovable and movable), both present and future. Refer Note 12 b

## Leases as lessee

Particulars	As at	As at
Balance as on 1st April, 2022	92.92	127.721
Addition of right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property		
Depreciation charged during the current period	34.85	
Carrying value of Right-of-use assets	58.08	92.92

## 8) The following is the movement in lease liabilities for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022
As at beginning of the year	107.26	140.27
Addition	8.2	•
Finance Cost accrued during the year	6.76	9.43
Deletion		9 <b>1</b> .
Payment of Lease liability	44.51	-42,44
Lease Liability as at end of the year	25.69	107.26







## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

B) Maturity Analysis of Lease liabilities		₹ in Lakh
Maturity analysis -contractual undiscounted cash flows	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Less than one year (Excluding GST)	44.51	44.51
One to five years (Excluding GST)	25.96	74.18
More than five years		•
Total undiscounted lease liabilities for the period ended	70.48	118.69
Lesse liabilities included in the statement of financial position		
Current	40.67	37.74
Non-current	28.85	69.52

C) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss #	Committee of the second second	₹ in Lakh
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Depreciation	34.85	34.85
Interest on lease liabilities	6.76	9,43
Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities		•
Expenses relating to short-term leases	79.96	50.84
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low value assets		•
Total	171 58	95 12

<sup>#</sup> Since the project is yet to commence its commercial operations, hence for the year ended 31st March 2023, the entire amount aggregating to Rs. 121.58 Lakh (PY 31st March 2022 Rs. 95.12 Lakh) have been transferred to pre & pre-operative expenses as part of CWIP.

D) Amount recognised in the statement of cash flows		₹ in Lakh
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March-2023	31 March-2022
Total cash outflow for leases (basic)	124,46	93.28

	And the second s	₹ in Lakh
3 (ii) Capital Work-in Progress Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	205,828.20	158,828.19
Additions during the year ( Net)	51,668.21	47,000.01
Deduction during the year(net)		
Balance at the end of the year	257,495.42	205,828.20

		05 959 305 30 236 30 30 536			
Balance at the end of the year	257,496.42	2030000			
Ageing of capital-work-in progress (CWIP) is as under:					₹ in Lakh
CWIP / Intangible Assets	Amount in CWIP / Intangible Assets under development for a period of	e Assets under develo	pment for a period	of	TOTAL
	Less than 1 Year 1-2 Years 2-3 Years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	51,668.22	47,000,01	31,099.66	127,728.52	257,496.42
Projects temporarily susmended					

	To be completed in			THE THE RES
	<1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years
LNG Port Terminal	257,496.42			





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Computer Software	Total Intangible Assets
Gross carrying value		
Aa at 1 April 2021	1.28	1.28
Additions		
Deductions	•	•
Other adjustments	•	
As at 31 March 2022	1.28	1.28
Additions		
Deductions		9
Other adjustments	•	
As at 31 March 2023	1.28	1.28
Accumulated depreciation	1	
Aa at 1 April 2021	0.82	0.82
Depreciation expense	0,41	0.41
Deductions	•	•
Other adjustments		
As at 31 March 2022	1.23	1.23
Depreciation expense	•	•
Deductions		•
Other adjustments	•	
As at 31 March 2023	1.23	1.23
Carrying Amount		
As at 31 March 2023	0.05	0.05
As at 31 March 2022	500	500

Note on Depreciation:

During the June qtr ended FY 22-23 , the Company has provided depreciation aggregating to Rs. 81.84 Lakh (PY 31.03.2022 Rs 68.47 Lakh ), including Dep. of Rs. NII. on Intangible assers, [PY 31.03.2022 Rs 0.41 Lakh), Our of which the Company has transferred Rs 81.84 Lakh (PY 68.47 Lakh) to pre & pre-operative expense and balance amount of Rs NII. (PY - Rs. NII) has been charged to statement of P/L A/c.





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Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Total

Financial Assets - Loans		
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Security Deposit	72.23	26.85

Non current Tax Assets (Net ) ₹ in Lakh

Particulars As at 31 March-2023 As at 31 March-2022

Advance Tax /TDS Receivable (Net of Provision) - 36.20

Total - 36.20

72.23

26.85

## 6 Other Non Current Assets Particulars As at 31 March-2023 Capital Advance(Project ) Unammortised Processing / Upfront Fees Total As at 31 March-2022 9,896.84 1,452.43 1,452.43 11,349.27

₹ in Lakh Cash and Cash Equivalents **Particulars** As at 31 March-2023 As at 31 March-2022 3.07 0.65 Cash in hand **Balances with banks** 455.44 34,222.48 In Current Accounts In Deposit Accounts ( where maturity does not exceed 36,500.00 three months) 1,329.95 Total 1,786.04 70,725.55

Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents	₹ in Lakh	
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Deposit with banks to the extent held as margin money or security against the guarantees ( where maturity does not exceed twelve months)	2,602.13	2,506.26
Total	2,602.13	2,506.26

Other Financial Assets ₹ in L		
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Balances with banks		
Interest Accrued but not due on FDs	45.54	424.27
Total	45.54	424.27

	₹ in Lakh
As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
167.34	196.42
185.50	184.99
187.59	88.89
14,065.60	13,181.16
14,606.02	13,651.46
	167.34 185.50 187.59 14,065.60

Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 11 Share Capital

(a) Authorised Share Capital:

₹ in Lakh

Authorised share depress		
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
6,00,00,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 6,00,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	600,000.00	600,000.00
100.00.00.000 (March 31, 2022: 100,00,00,000) Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each	100,000.00	100,000.00
Total	700,000.00	700,000.00

(b) Equity Share Capital

Issued, subscribed and paid up:

₹ in lakh

Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
78,73,01,588 (March 31, 2022: 78,73,01,588) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	78,730.16	78,730.16
Total	78,730.16	78,730.16

(c) A reconciliation of the number of Equity shares outstanding is set out below:

	As at 31 Mar	ch-2023	As at 31 March-2022	
Particulars	Number of shares	₹in Lakh	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	787,301,588	78,730.16	787,301,588	78,730.16
Add: Issued during the year		*		
Outstanding at the end of the year	787,301,588	78,730.16	787,301,588	78,730.16

Terms/rights attached to Equity shares:

(i) The Company has only one class of equity share having par value of `10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees.

(ii) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(ii) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(d) Details of shares held by Controlling entity:

betails of shares held by controlling		As at 31 March-2023			As at 31 March-2022	
Particulars	Number of shares	₹in Lakh	% holding	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh	% holding
Promoters Company						
Swan Energy Limited	496,000,000	49,600.00	63%	496,000,000	49,600.00	63%

(e) Details of Equity shareholders, holding more than 5% shares in the company:

		As at 31 March-2023		As at 31 March-2022		
Name of the Shareholder	Number of shares	% holding	₹ in Lakh	Number of shares	% holding	₹ in Lakh
Swan Energy Limited	496,000,000	63.00%	49,600.00	496,000,000	63.00%	49,600.00
Gujarat Maritime Board	118,095,238	15.00%	11,809.52	118,095,238	15.00%	11,809.52
Gujarat State Petronet Limited	86,603,175	11.00%	8,660.32	86,603,175	11.00%	8,660.32
FSRU Venture India One Private Limited	86,603,175	11.00%	8,660.32	86,603,175	11.00%	8,660.32
Total	787,301,588	100.00%	78,730.16	787,301,588	100.00%	78,730.16

(f) Preference Share Capital

Issued, subscribed and paid up:		₹in lakh
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
13,00,00,000 (March 31, 2022: 13,00,00,000) 0.01% Non Convertible Non-Cumulative		
redeemable Preference shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	13,000.00	13,000.00
Total	13,000,00	13.000.00

(g) A reconciliation of the number of Preference shares outstanding is set out below:

	As at 31 Ma	rch-2023	As at 31 March-2022		
Particulars	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh	Number of shares	₹ in Lakh	
Outstanding At the beginning of the year	130,000,000	13,000.00	130,000,000	13,000	
Add: Issued during the year					
Outstanding At the end of the year	130,000,000	13,000.00	130,000,000	13,000.00	





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

(h) Details of Preference shareholders, holding more than 5% shares in the company:

	As at 31 Ma	As at 31 March-2023		ch-2022
Name of the Shareholder	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Swan Energy Limited	130,000,000	100.00	130,000,000	100.00

12 Other Equity

₹ in Lakh

er Equity				Z III Lakii
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023		As at 31 March-2022	
Retained Earnings				
At the beginning of the year	(193.65)		(52.08)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) during the year	(609.21)		(141.57)	
At the end of the year		(802.86)		(193.65)
Equity Component of 0.01% Non Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Share				
At the beginning of the year	11,064.11		11,064.11	
Add: Issue during the year	-			
At the end of the year		11,064.11		11,064.11
Total		10,261.25		10,870.46

The 0.01% Non Convertible Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares issued by the Company are classified as compound financial instrument. These preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. Interest on liability component is recognized as interest expenses using the effective interest method.

Terms & rights attached to 0.01% Non Convertible Non-Cumulative redeemable Preference shares

I. The preference shares carry a preferential right vis-à-vis equity shares of the Company with respect to payment of dividend and repayment in case of a winding up or repayment of capital and shall not be convertible into the equity shares.

II. The Preference share holder carries non-participating rights in the surplus asset and profits, on winding up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid and shall be paid dividend on cumulative / non-cumulative basis.

III. The Company can redeem the Preference Shares at any time, but it must be on or before 20 years from the date of allotment, at the option of issuer and subject to approval of the lenders.

IV. Preference shares holder have voting rights only in respect of certain matters as per the provisions of the section 47(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.





## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in Lakh 13 Borrowings **Particulars** As at 31 March-2022 As at 31 March-2023 Secured Loan from Bank From Banks 178,490.62 178,298.92 Loan From Banks ( Refer below note a & b) Unsecured (a) Liability component of compound financial 2,512.31 2,284.32 instruments (Refer Note 12) 181,002.93 180,583.24

a) Loan from banks is net off unamortized portion of Term Loan processing fees/Financing charges of Rs 2591.37 Lakh (PY 31st March 2022 Rs 2776.87 Lakh) as per Ind AS 109.

b) Securities and Terms of Repayment for Secured Borrowings:

Rupee Term Loans: The Company has been sanctioned Rupee Term Loan by SBI lead consortium Banks. These Term loans are secured by

- a) first ranking mortgage over the immovable properties (both present and future), except the project land given under lease.
- b) first ranking mortgage over the leasehold rights on the project land given under lease.
- c) First charge over the plant and machinery and other moveable assets (both present and future),
- d) first ranking security interest over all intangible assets, and current assets (both present and future)
- e) Pledge of 100% Equity and Preference shares of the Company held by the Holding Company.
- f) first ranking mortgage over the specifically identified immovable properties owned by the Group company called Cardinal Energy and Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd. and Pegasus Ventures Pvt. Ltd.

The Loan is repayable in sixty-one quarterly instalments and first instalment shall become due and payable after end of the 4th quarter from March 31, 2025 along with accrued interest for the period.

## 14 Lease Liability

₹ in Lakh

		VIII LAKII
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
i) Long term maturities of finance lease obligations		620 = 51
[Refer Note 3 (i) ]	28.85	69,52
Total	28.85	69.52

15 Provision

₹ in Lakh

FIOVISION		O-MOTING COMPANION C
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Provision for Gratuity & Leave Encashment	53.32	51.50
Total	53.32	51.50





## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

16 Borrowings

₹ in Lakh

Bollowings			
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022	
Secured Loan			
Interest Accured but Not Due on Term Loan			
Unsecured Loan from related party			
Loan Repayable on Demand #	1,518.63	1,518.63	
Total	1,518.63	1,518.63	

# The amount shown under Borrowings' is unsecured loan received from holding company for the development of LNG port facilities project. The said amount is fully /partly convertible into Preference share or repayable on demands.

## 17 Lease Liability

₹ in Lakh

	1	VIII EURII
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Current maturities of finance lease obigations	40.67	37.74
Total	40.67	37.74

## 18 Other Financial Liabilities

₹ in Lakh

Other I maneral Elabilities		thi sami	
Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022	
Creditors for Capital Expenses	11,392.07	29,114.94	
Capital Retention money	3,357.24	3,121.21	
Other liabilities	156.81	130.72	
Total	14,906.12	32,366.87	

Trade payables include Rs. NIL (Previous year Rs. NIL) due to creditors registered with the company as per the provisions of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSME). No interest is paid / payable during the year to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. The above information has been determined to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of information available with the Company regarding the status of .suppliers under the MSME

## 19 Other Current Liabilities

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Statutory Dues Payable	1,165.90	1,022.43
Total	1,165.90	1,022.43

20 Provision

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	As at 31 March-2023	As at 31 March-2022
Provision for Tax(Net)	108.69	/4/
Provision for Gratuity & Leave Encashment	2.79	2.89
Total	111.48	2.89





## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 21 Other Income

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Interest Income from banks	124.74	400.18
Total	124.74	400.18

## 22 Finance Cost

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Interest on Pref Share(Exp - IND AS)	227.99	207.30	
Total	227.99	207.30	

## 23 Other Expenses

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended	
ratticulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Audit Fees	0.65	0,65	
Corporate Social Responsibility (refer Note			
27)	14.61	10.58	
Miscellaneous Expenses	40.15	2.44	
Total	55.41	13.67	





# Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

24 Tax Expenses

4

2021-22 29.12% 17.47% 200.18 50.64 313.00 313.00 313.00 52.18 ₹ in Lakh 320.78 March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 179.21 ₹ in Lakh March 31, 2023 March 31, 2023 (158.66) 446.00 409.86 82.34 446.00 446.00 29.12% 4.56 17.47% 450.56 ₹ in Lakh 2022-23 Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit for the year is as under: Income tax expense recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss For reconciliaiton purpose, the Company has considered the following tax rate; The major components of income tax expense for the year are as under: (i) Income tax recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss Particulars Deferred tax expense on remeasurements of defined benefit plans Effect due to Income not considered in P&L A/c but offered for tax Tax expense as per Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (ii) Income tax expense recognised in OCI Adjustment in respect of previous years Tax using company's domestic Tax Rate ncome tax expense recognised in OCI Effect due to claim of Depreciation Effect Due to lower tax rate Short term capital gain tax In respect of current year In respect of current year Profit/(Loss) before tax Others Adjustment Corporate tax rate Current tax: Deferred tax: Total

The major components of deferred tax (liabilities) / assets arising on account of timing differences are as follows:

v

₹ in Lakh

19.59 0.74 Closing Balance 31.03.2023 as at 00 4.56 3,75 Statement of P/L Recognised in A/C FY 2022-23 15.84 Net Balance as on 01.04.2022 Difference between written down value/capital work in progress of Property, Plant and Equipment as per the books of accounts and Tax adjustment on account on indexation of freehold landExpense claimed for tax purpose on payment basis Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) expenditure (allowed in Income Tax Act, 1961 over 5 years) Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans through OCI Net fair value loss on investment in through FVTPL Lease Rentals Deferred tax (expense)/income Net Deferred tax liabilities Provision for doubtful debts and Advances Income Tax Act, 1961.

		The second secon		A III CANI
Particulars	Net Balance as on	Amount Recognised in Statement of P/L A/C	8	Closing Balance as at
	01-04-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	31.03.2022
derence between written down value/capital work in progress of Property, Plant and Equipment as per the books of accounts and				
Income Tax Act,1961.	0.74		6	0.74
Tax adjustment on account on indexation of freehold landExpense claimed for tax purpose on payment basis	•	•		•
Provision for doubtful debts and Advances	×	100		•
Voluntary Retirement Scheme (VRS) expenditure (allowed in Income Tax Act, 1961 over 5 years)	•		**	10
Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans through OCI	7.55	8.29	*	15.84
Net fair value loss on investment in through FVTPL		,	1	1



(0.51)

(3.48)

Deferred tax (expense)/income Net Deferred tax liabilities

Lease Rentals

Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 25 Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management

Accounting classification and fair values

## A Carrying Value as on reporting date & Fair Value hierarchy:

The following table shows carrying amount and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is reasonable approximation of fair value.

₹ in Lakh

		As at 3	1/03/2023			Fair Valu	e hierarchy	
Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets								
(i) Current Investments				-				•
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents			1,786.04	1,786.04			1,786.04	1,786.04
(iii) Bank Balances Other Than Cash and cash								
equivalents			2,602.13	2,602.13			2,602.13	2,602.13
(iv) Loans				•			-	180
(v) Other Financial Assets			45.54	45.54			45.54	45.54
Total	5.50	-	4,433.71	4,433.71		-	4,433.71	4,433.71
Financial Libilities								
(i) Long Term Borrowings			181,002.93	181,002.93			181,002.93	181,002.93
(ii) Short Term Borrowings			1,518.63	1,518.63			1,518.63	1,518.63
(iii) Lease Liability			69.52	69.52			69.52	69.52
(iv) Other Financial Liability			14,906.12	14,906.12			14,906.12	14,906.12
Total	-	-	197,497.20	197,497.20	-	•	197,497.20	197,497.20

₹ in Lakh

		As at 3	1/03/2022			Fair Valu	e hierarchy	
Particulars	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets	. *:							
(i) Current Investments						- 12		-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents			70,725.55	70,725.55			70,725.55	70,725.55
(iii) Bank Balances Other Than Cash and cash								
equivalents			2,506.26	2,506.26			2,506.26	2,506.26
(iv) Loans			*	-			-	•
(v) Other Financial Assets			424.27	424.27			424.27	424.27
Total	-	-	73,656.08	73,656.08	-		73,656.08	73,656.08
Financial Libilities								
(i) Long Term Borrowings			180,583.24	180,583.24			180,583.24	180,583.24
(ii) Short Term Borrowings			1,518.63	1,518.63			1,518.63	1,518.63
(iii) Lease Liability			107.26	107.26			107.26	107.26
(iv) Other Financial Liability			32,366.87	32,366.87			32,366.87	32,366.87
Total	_	14	214,576.01	214,576.01		-	214,576.01	214,576.01

With respect to disclosure of fair value of financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables and other receivables, other current and non current financial assets, short term borrowings and other current financial liabilities at March 31, 2023 are similiar to carrying value because their carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.



Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management (continued....)

## **B** Financial Risk Management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- · Credit risk;
- · Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk

The source of risk are as follows -

Risk	Exposure from	Measurement	
Credit Risk	Trade Receivable, Cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Credit Ratings	
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings, Trade Payables and other liabilities	Cash flow forecast	
Market Risk - Interest Rate Risk, Currency Risk and Price Risk	Price risk from investments, currency risk from foreign currency payables	Sensitivity analysis	

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework, which is reviewed by them

## a Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from loans and investment in debt securities. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables and investments.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31, 2023 is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

## i Loans (Project Advances)

The Loans have been given in the ordinary course of business and the management does not

expect any impairment in the same.

Carrying amount of Loans that were not impaired was as follows -

₹ in Lakh

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Capital Advance (Project)- Other Non Current		
Assets (Refer Note 6)	8,968.72	9,896.84

## ii Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company held cash, deposits and bank balance with credit worthy banks of Rs 1,786.04 Lakh at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022: Rs 70,725.55 Lakh). The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks where credit risk is largely perceived to be extremely insignificant.



Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management (continued....)

## b Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company manages its liquidity risk by preparing monthly cash flow projections to monitor liquidity requirements. In addition, the Company projects cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring the Balance Sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

₹ in Lakh

	As at March 31/03/2023						
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Within 1 Year	Between 1- 5 years	More than 5 Years			
Long Term Borrowings (Refer Note 13)	178,490.62	*	20,824.43	157,666.19			
Short Term Borrowings (Refer Note 16)	1,518.63		1,518.63	-			
Total	180,009.25	7 <del>4</del> 3	22,343.06	157,666.19			

₹ in lakh

	As at March 31/03/2022						
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Within 1 Year	Between 1- 5 years	More than 1 Years			
Long Term Borrowings (Refer Note 13)	178,298.92		35,309.78	142,989.14			
Short Term Borrowings*	1,518.63		1,518.63	-3			
Total	179,817.56	984	36,828.41	142,989.14			

<sup>\*</sup> The amount shown under 'Short term borrowings' is unsecured loan received from holding company for the development of LNG port facilities projects. The said amount is fully convertible into Equity/
Preference share or repayable on demands.



Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management (continued....)

## c Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices and will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to interest rate risk and the market value of the investments.

## i Currency Risk

The Company is not exposed to currency risk. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. The Company does not have any exposure in foreign currency.

## ii Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

## Exposure to interest rate risk

According to the Company interest rate risk exposure is only for floating rate borrowings. Company does not have any floating rate borrowings on any of the Balance Sheet date disclosed in this financial statements.

## iii Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in quoted instruments and units of mutual funds.

The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments in mutual funds measured at amrotised cost, having carrying value `NIL lacs as at March 31 2023, (March 31, 2022: `Nil).

## a Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate Instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through Profit or Loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect Profit or Loss.

## b Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate Instruments

The company does not have any variable rate instrument in Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities.

## 26 Segment Reporting

Based on the "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators of business, the segments in which the Company operates. The Company is primarily engaged in the FSRU Terminal which the Management and CODM recognise as the sole business segment. Hence disclosure of segment- wise information is not required and accordingly not provided.

## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 27 Employee Benefits - Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan and is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Act, every employee who has completed at least five year of service is entitled to gratuity benefits on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The company's Gratuity plan is unfunded. The following tables summarise the component of the net benefits expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss account and the Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet.

## Gratuity Disclosure Statement as Per (Ind AS 19)

The principle assumptions as used in determining gratuity obligation is as follows:

Assumptions	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	N.A.
Rate of Discounting	7.45%	7.10%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.33%	8.33%
Rate of Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality Rate During Employment	100% of IALM 2012-14	100% of IALM 2012-14
Mortality Rate After Employment	N.A.	N.A.

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

Since the company has yet to commence its commercial operation, all Gratuity Exp amounting to Rs .90 Lakh recognized in the statement of profit and loss and in other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2023 have been transferred to CWIP as preliminary and preoperative expenses.



## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in lakh

Changes in Present Value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	39.93	27.13
Interest Cost	2.83	1.80
Current Service Cost	10.21	10.87
Past Service Cost	-	-
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	Э.	370
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	•	(#)
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	·	
(Liabilities Extinguished on Settlement)	·#	320
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	-	72
(Benefit Paid From the Fund)	-	-
The Effect Of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates		-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in	-	95
Demographic Assumptions		
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in	(1.50)	
Financial Assumptions		
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	(10.64)	0.12
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Period	40.83	39.93

₹ in lakh

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets are as follows	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the year	-	•
Interest Income	: <del>*</del>	•
Contributions by the Employer	-	-
Expected Contributions by the Employees	-	-
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions	-	
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)		-
(Benefit Paid from the Fund)	-	-
(Assets Distributed on Settlements)	-	
Effects of Asset Ceiling	72	(a)
The Effect of Changes In Foreign Exchange Rates	(+	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	•
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the year	-	

₹ in lakh

IV Net Assets/Liability recognised in the balance sheet	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Pe		39.93
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period	, w	5#T
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(40.83)	(39.93)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(40.83)	(39.93)



## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in lakh

Net Interest Cost	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Period	39.93	27.13
(Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Period)	-	-
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	39.93	27.13
Interest Cost	2.83	1.80
(Interest Income)	•	-
Net Interest Cost for Current Period	2.83	1.80

₹ in lakh

VI	Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for the year	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Current Service Cost	10.21	10.87
	Net Interest Cost	2.83	1.80
	Expenses Recognized	13.04	12.68

₹ in lakh

VII	Recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the year	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligation For the Period	(12.14)	0.12
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	
	Change in Asset Ceiling		
	Net (Income)/Expense For the Period Recognized in OCI	(12.14)	0.12

₹ in lakh

		≺ in takn
Balance Sheet Reconciliation	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Net Liability	39.93	27.13
Net Expenses Recognized during the year in CWIP	13.04	12.68
Expenses Recognized in OCI	(12.14)	0.12
Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer In	-	-
Net (Liability)/Asset Transfer Out	-	**
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	2	7/20
(Employer's Contribution)	-	4
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	40.83	39.93





## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in lakh

X Other Details	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
No of Active Members	41	46
Per Month Salary For Active Members	20.02	26.44
Average Past Service (Years)	1.85	1.22
Average Age (Years)	36.05	37.98
Average Remaining Working Life	22.00	20.26
Number of Completed Years Valued	76	56
Decrement adjusted remaning working life(ye	ars) 12.15	11.35

## X The Expected cash flows of defined benefit obligation over the future period

₹ in lakh

Particular	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1st Following Year	1.78	1.70
2nd Following Year	1.90	1.81
3rd Following Year	2.03	1.93
4th Following Year	2.39	2.11
5th Following Year	2.50	2.32
Sum of Years 6 To 10	30.78	13.05
Sum of Years 11 and above	58.05	74.63

## XI Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as below

₹ in lakh

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	40.83	39.93
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(3.86)	(4.01)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	4.46	4.66
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	4.38	4.56
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(3.87)	(4.00)
Delta Effect of +50% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.90)	(1.15)
Delta Effect of -50% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	1.05	1.40
Delta Effect of +10% Change in Rate of Mortality Rate	(0.00)	(0.01)
Delta Effect of -10% Change in Rate of Mortality Rate	0.00	0.01

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 28 Employee Benefits - Leave Earned Plan

The Company has a defined benefit Leave Earned plan under which the encashment benefit will be regulated on the basis of the last pay drawn which should be the monthly basic pay of the employee at the time of applying for the leave encashment. A month will generally be a calendar

month of 30 days. The company's Leave Earned plan is unfunded. The following tables summarise the component of the net benefits expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss account and the Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet.

## Earned Leave Plan Statement as Per (Ind AS 19)

The principle assumptions as used in determining gratuity obligation is as follows:

Assumptions	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Expected Return on Plan Assets	N.A.	N.A.
Rate of Discounting	7.45%	7.10%
Rate of Salary Increase	8.33%	8.33%
Rate of Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%
Rate of Leave Availment (per annum)	0.00%	0.00%
Mortality Rate	100% of IALM 2012-14	100% of IALM 2012-14

The salary growth rate indicated above is the Company's best estimate of an increase in salary of the employees in future years, determined considering the general trend in inflation, senority, promotions, past experience and other relevant factors such as demand and supply in employment market, etc.

Since the company has yet to commence its commercial operation, all Leave Encashment Expense amounting to Rs 0.82 Lakh recognized in the statement of profit and loss and in other comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2023 have been transferred to CWIP as preliminary and preoperative expenses.

₹ in lakh

Expense Recognised in Income Statement	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present value of obligation as at the beginning	14.45	
Present value of obligation as at the End	15.27	14.45
Benefit Payment		
Actual return on plan assets	₹	-
Transfer In / (Out)		•
Expenses Recognized in Income Statement	0.82	14.45

₹ in lakh

Net Assets/Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Period	15.27	14.45
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Period		
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(15.27)	(14.45)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(15.27)	14.45



## Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in lakh

Other Details	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
No of Active Members	41	46
Per Month Salary For Active Members	20.02	26.44
Average Past Service (Years)	1.85	1.22
Average Age (Years)	36.05	37.98
Average Remaining Working Life	22.00	20.26
Total number of Outstanding Leaves valued	645	398
Decrement adjusted remaning working life(years)	12.15	11.35

## V Expected cash flows over the next (valued on undiscounted basis):

₹ in lakh

Particular	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1 Year	1.01	1.19
2 to 5 Year	3.81	3.14
6 to 10 Year	8.24	4.59
More than 10 Year	26.57	26.35

## VI Quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as below

₹ in lakh

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	15.27	14.45
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(1.49)	(1.42)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	1.74	1.65
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	1.71	1.62
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(1.49)	(1.41)
Delta Effect of +50% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(0.19)	(0.26)
Delta Effect of -50% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	0.26	0.35
Delta Effect of +10% Change in Rate of Mortality Rate	(0.00)	(0.00)
Delta Effect of -10% Change in Rate of Mortality Rate	0.00	0.00

Please note that the sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of obligataion as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

The assumptions used in this Report, other than the rates of mortality, are the expectations of the Company for future years. The Company acknowledges that it has been advised to consider the relevant factors (including historical trends, which may or may not be suitable for future projections or may be suitable only after certain adjustments / modifications) in determination of assumptions.





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

29 Earning Per Share

Sr no	Particulars	Unit	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
а	For basic EPS			
	Number of equity share at the beginning of the year	Numbers	787,301,588	787,301,588
	Addition during the year on allotment	Numbers	-	
	Number of equity share at the end of the year	Numbers	787,301,588	787,301,588
	Weighted average number of shares	Numbers	787,301,588	787,301,588
ь	Weighted average number of equity shares for dilutive EPS Equity shares	Numbers	787,301,588	787,301,588
	Equity shares	Numbers	787,301,588	787,301,588

Sr no	Particulars	Unit	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
а	Basic EPS Net Profit / (loss) available to equity share holders Weighted average number of equity shares Earnings Per Equity Share of Rs. 10	Rs. Lakh Numbers Rs.	(609.22) 78 73 01 588 (0.08)	(141.57) 78 73 01 588 (0.02)
ь	Dilutive EPS Net Profit / (loss) available to equity share holders Weighted average number of equity shares Earnings Per Equity Share of Rs. 10	Rs. Lakh Numbers Rs.	(609.22) 78.73.01.588 (0.08)	(141.57) 78 73 01 588 (0.02)

₹ in Lakh

30 Payment to Auditors (Excluding GST)
i) Statutory Audit Fees
ii) Other Capacity

March 31, 2023 0.65 0.18 March 31, 2022 0.65 0.58

## 31 Related Party Disclosures, As per IND AS 24 are as below:

A List of Related Parties

Sr No.	Name of the Related Party	Relation
1	Swan Energy Limited ("SEL")	Holding Company-Entity having control over the company
2	Gujarat Maritime Board ('GMB")	Enterprise able to exercise significant influence
3	Truimph Offshore Pivate Limited	Company and reporting entity are under common control
4	Mr. Nikhil V Merchant, Managing Director of SEL	
5	Mr. Paresh V Merchant, Whole Time Director of SEL	
6	Mr. Bhavik Nikhil Merchant-SEL Nominee Director	
7	Mr. Vivek Paresh Merchant -SEL Nominee Director	
8	Ms. Vinita Naman Patel- SEL Nominee Director	
	Mr. Sugavanam Padmanabhan- SEL Nominee Director  Mr. Ravindra Kailash Agarwal - GSPL Nominee Director	
Lane to	Mr. Kensuke ITO- FSRU Venture India One Pvt Ltd., Nominee Director	Key Management Personnel
12	Avantika Sing Aulakh- GMB Nominee Director (Resigned on 14- 09-2022)	
13	Ranjitsinh Barad - GMB Nominee Director (Appointed on 21- 11-2022)	
14	Deepak Mane - Independent Director	
15	Pratap Singh Nagar- Independent Director	
16	Manisha Chandra - GoG Nominee Director	
17	Chetan Selarka- CFO (Resigned on 31-01-2023)	
18	Rahul Sharma- CEO	
19	Mr Niray Arvindkumar Shah (Resigned on 31-05-2022)	Company Secretary- KMP
20	Mr. Nilay Milankumar Gandhi (Appointed on 01-06-2022)	Company Secretary- KMP





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

			₹ in lakh
В	Transaction during the year with Related Parties	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Particulars		
i)	Swan Energy Limited		
	Opening Payable	1,518.63	1,518.63
	Loans & Advance taken	•	•
	Issue of Preference Shares at par	1.5	
	Issue of Equity Shares at par	1:50	15
	Loans & Advance paid back	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Closing Payable	1,518.63	1,518.63
ii) a)	Vinita Naman Patel	30.62	16.94
	(Payment towards Corporate Guest House Rent )		
ii) b)	Naman Patel		
	(Payment towards Corporate Guest House Rent )	29.02	16.94
iii)	Gujarat Maritime Board		
	Payment towards Lease Rent Land ( For Development of LNG		
	Port terminal)	304.63	1,173.91
iv)	Rahul Sharma- CEO (Appointed on 11-08-2021)	81.80	50.00
v)	Mr. Nirav Arvindkumar Shah(Resigned on 31-05-2022)	1.40	7.56
vi)	Nilay Gandhi (Appointed on 11-05-2022)	7.56	
vij	may dendin proposited on 11 03-2022)	7.55	

32 During the year ended 31.03.2023, the Company has spent Rs 14.61 Lakh (PY 2022-23: Rs. 10.58 Lakh) towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). Disclosure in respect of expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities.

			₹ in laki
5r.No	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1	Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	2.80	1.59
1	amount of expenditure incurred	14.61	10.58
2	shortfall at the end of the year		
3	total of previous years shortfall		
4	reason for shortfall,	NA	NA
5	nature of CSR activities,	Register Trust	Register Trust
6	details of related party transactions,	NA	NA
7	where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately	NA	NA

## 33 Capital management

For the purposes of the company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity. The primary objective of the company's capital management is to maximize shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies, or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31st March 2023 and Year ended March 31, 2022. Currently the Company's capital Project cost requirement have been funded partly by the shareholder's and partly through secured Term loan from Banks.

Contingent Liabilities if any	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts on account of disputes relating to:		
Taxation matters	NIL	NIL
Other matters , etc	NIL	NIL





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

₹ in lakh

34 Commitments:

As at March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for

107.228

155,487

35 Trade payables include Rs. NIL (Previous year Rs. NIL) due to creditors registered with the company as per the provisions of Micro. Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSME). No Interest is paid / payable during the year to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. The above information has been determined to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of information available with the Company regarding the status of suppliers under the MSME

1	Current Ratio	

Ratio

March 31, 2023

March 31, 2022

% Variation

Reason for variation

	1	Current Ratio		1.07	2.5	0	-57%
*	2	Debt-Equity Ratio		2.05	2.0	3	1%
	3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio		(1.34)	0.2	9	-562%
	4	Return on Equity Ratio		(0.01)	(0.0	0)	300%
	5	Inventory turnover ratio	NA		NA	NA	
	6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio	NA		NA	NA	
	7	Trade payables turnover ratio	NA		NA	NA	
	8	Net capital turnover ratio	NA		NA	NA	
	9	Net profit ratio	NA		NA	NA	

## 37 Other Statutory Information

10 Return on Capital employed

The company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

0.0003

0.0015

- The company does not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- The company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period. (111)
- The company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year. (iv)
- The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(les), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- The company has no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the (vii) year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- The company holds all the title deeds of immovable property in its name. (viii)
- The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender. (ix)
- (x) There is no Scheme of Arrangements approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.





Notes forming part of the Audited Financial Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2023

## 38 Standards issued but not effective

The following standards / amendments to standards have been issued and will be effective from 1st April 2022. The Company is evaluating the requirements of these standards, improvements and amendments and has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 103 - Business Combinations - Qualifications prescribed for recognition of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as part of applying the acquisition method - should meet the definition of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Ind AS (Conceptual Framework) issued by the ICAI at the acquisition date.

Modification to the exceptions to recognition principle relating to contingent liabilities and contingent assets acquired in a business combination

at the acquisition date. (i)

Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 109 - Financial Instruments - Modification in accounting treatment of certain costs incurred on derecognition

of financial liabilities. (ii)

Indian Accounting Standard (Ind A5) 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment - Modification in treatment of excess of net sale proceeds of items

produced over the cost of testing as part of cost of an item of property, plant, and equipment.

Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets - Modifications in application of recognition and (iv) measurement principles relating to onerous contracts.

## 39 Standards issued but not effective

As at the date of issue of financial statements, there are no new standards or amendments which have been notified by the MCA but not yet adopted by the Company. Hence, the disclosure is not applicable.

## 40 Event occurred after the Balance Sheet Date

No adjusting or significant non - adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date 31st March, 2023 and the report release date 19th May 2023.

## 41 Previous Year's figures are regrouped/rearranged wherever necessary.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date

For V.R.Renuka & CO.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No. 108826W

V.R. Remuleu

Partner

M No. 032263

MUMBAI FRN 108826W

RED ACC

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sugavanam

Padmanabhan

**Bhavik N Merchant** 

Chairman

Managing Director

Din:03229120

Din:06389064

Rahul Sharma

Chief Executive Officer Company Secretary

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2023

Ahmedabad 19th May, 2023